

CC410: System Programming

Dr. Manal Helal – Fall 2014 – Lecture 2

Learning Objectives

Study More SIC Programming Examples –
 Chapter 1

	LDA STA	#5 ALPHA	LOAD VALUE 5 INTO REGISTER A STORE IN ALPHA
	LDA	#90	LOAD ASCII CODE FOR 'Z' INTO REG A
	STCH	C1	STORE IN CHARACTER VARIABLE C1
	•		
	•		
	•		
ALPHA	RESW	1	ONE-WORD VARIABLE
C1	RESB	1	ONE-BYTE VARIABLE
			(b)

Figure 1.2 Sample data movement operations for (a) SIC and (b) SIC/XE.

- Sample arithmetic operations
 - (ALPHA+INCR-1) assign to BETA (Fig. 1.3)
 - (GAMMA+INCR-1) assign to DELTA

	LDA	ALPHA	LOAD ALPHA INTO REGISTER A
	ADD	INCR	ADD THE VALUE OF INCR
	SUB	ONE	SUBTRACT 1
	STA	BETA	STORE IN BETA
	LDA	GAMMA	LOAD GAMMA INTO REGISTER A
	ADD	INCR	ADD THE VALUE OF INCR
	SUB	ONE	SUBTRACT 1
	STA	DELTA	STORE IN DELTA
ONE	WORD	1	ONE-WORD CONSTANT
			ONE-WORD VARIABLES
ALPHA	RESW	1	
BETA	RESW	1	
GAMMA	RESW	1	
DELTA	RESW	1	
INCR	RESW	1	

	LDS LDA ADDR SUB STA LDA ADDR SUB STA	INCR ALPHA S,A #1 BETA GAMMA S,A #1 DELTA	LOAD VALUE OF INCR INTO REGISTER S LOAD ALPHA INTO REGISTER A ADD THE VALUE OF INCR SUBTRACT 1 STORE IN BETA LOAD GAMMA INTO REGISTER A ADD THE VALUE OF INCR SUBTRACT 1 STORE IN DELTA
ALPHA BETA GAMMA DELTA INCR	RESW RESW RESW RESW RESW	1 1 1 1	ONE WORD VARIABLES

String copy

Initialise the loop before entering

Index in the string

		K	
	LDX	ZERO	INITIALIZE INDEX REGISTER TO 0
MOVECH	LDCH	STR1,X	LOAD CHARACTER FROM STR1 INTO REG A
	STCH	STR2,X	STORE CHARACTER INTO STR2
	TIX	ELEVEN	ADD 1 TO INDEX, COMPARE RESULT TO 11
K	JLT	MOVECH	LOOP IF INDEX IS LESS THAN 11
STR1	BYTE	C'TEST STRIN	NG' 11-BYTE STRING CONSTANT
STR2	RESB	11	11-BYTE VARIABLE
			ONE-WORD CONSTANTS
ZERO	WORD	0	
ELEVEN	WORD	11	

	LDT	#11	INITIALIZE REGISTER T TO 11	
	LDX	#0	INITIALIZE INDEX REGISTER TO 0	
MOVECH	LDCH	STR1,X	LOAD CHARACTER FROM STR1 INTO REG A	
	STCH	STR2,X	STORE CHARACTER INTO STR2	
	TIXR	T	ADD 1 TO INDEX, COMPARE RESULT TO 11	1
	JLT	MOVECH	LOOP IF INDEX IS LESS THAN 11	
STR1	BYTE	C'TEST STRIN	G' 11-BYTE STRING CONSTANT	
STR2	RESB	11	11-BYTE VARIABLE	

Trace the following SIC/XE assembly code, by showing the registers S, T, X, A and variables values how they change after the execution of each line, given that the initial values of Alpha is {5, 6, 7}, and Beta is {8, 9, 10}

1		LDS	#3
2		LDT	#9
3		LDX	#0
4	ADDLP	LDA	ALPHA,X
5		ADD	BETA,X
6		STA	GAMMA,X
7		ADDR	S,X
8		COMPR	X,T
9		JLT	ADDLP
10	ALPHA	RESW	3
11	BETA	RESW	3
12	GAMMA	RESW	3

Write a sequence of instructions for SIC/XE to set ALPHA equal to the 4*BETA-9. Assume ALPHA and BETA both are one word variables.

(HINT: SUB, RESW, LDA, MUL, STA)

LDS LDA ADDR SUB STA LDA ADDR SUB STA SUB STA	INCR ALPHA S,A #1 BETA GAMMA S,A #1 DELTA	LOAD VALUE OF INCR INTO REGISTER S LOAD ALPHA INTO REGISTER A ADD THE VALUE OF INCR SUBTRACT 1 STORE IN BETA LOAD GAMMA INTO REGISTER A ADD THE VALUE OF INCR SUBTRACT 1 STORE IN DELTA
ALPHA RESW	1	ONE WOLD VIRGINGE
BETA RESW	1	
GAMMA RESW	1	
	1	
DELTA RESW	1	
INCR RESW	1	