COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY



Department : Computer Engineering : : Introduction to Computers

Course Code : CC111 Date : fall 2012

SHEET (2)

Section One: Fill in the Blanks

۱-	Images are stored in a computer using a coding scheme referred to as a						
2-	is the name given to each point in an image.						
3-	A computer program is represented in a computer using language.						
4-	A language translator converts English-like high level programming languages into so that the computer can understand them.						
5-	A 2GB hard disk can store bits.						
6-	Video data is represented as a series of images called						
7-	is the numbering system that represents all numbers using just two symbols (0,1).						
8-	The is the chip located inside the system unit of the computer that performs the processing for a computer.						
9-	The decimal value of the following binary number 1010 is						
10-	A(n) is an electronic path over which data can travel						
11-	A(n) is a connector on the exterior of a computer than allows a peripheral device to be connected to the computer.						
12-	A(n) is a special group of very fast memory chips located on or close to the CPU						
۱3-	A(n) and a(n) are two devices that can be used to cool down a CPU.						
۱4-	All internal devices in a computer connect to a circuit board referred to as a						
15-	A(n) is a connector on the exterior of a computer than allows a peripheral device to be connected to the computer.						
۱6-	RAM stands for						
۱7-	ROM stands for						
18-	USB stands for						
	PCIe stands for						
20-	The four stages of a machine cycle are, and						

Section Two: Choose the right answer/s

I-		is a text coding scheme that uses 32 bits to represent each character.
	a.	ASCII
	b.	Binary
	c.	EBCDIC
	d.	Unicode
2-	The pa	rt of the CPU that performs logical and integer arithmetic is the
	a.	ALU
	b.	Decode unit
	c.	PreFetch unit
	d.	Control unit
3-	As CPI	Us become smaller and smaller, the main problem becomes.
	a.	Developing technologies to connect these small components to the motherboard
	b.	Heating increasing
	c.	Accuracy decreases
	d.	Speed decreases
4-	The ma	ain purpose of the MP3 encoding scheme is to.
	a.	Improve the quality of music
	b.	Prevent you from illegally copying music
	c.	Reduce the size of music files
5-	_	ocess of interleaving the different stages of a machine cycle in order to increase the throughput of outer is referred to as.
	a.	Multiprocessing
	b.	Parallel processing

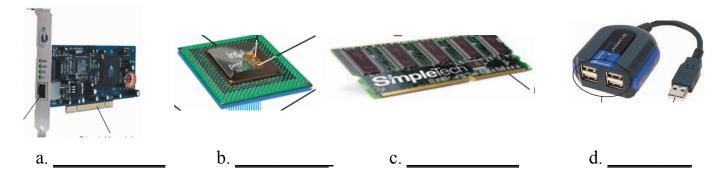
- c. Multitasking
- d. Pipelining

Section Three: Mark the following as True or False (T/F)

- 1- ACSII is a coding system used by computers to perform arithmetic operations.
- 2- A bus is a path way consisting of many conductors over which bits can be transferred.
- 3- Computers that process data with light are referred to as quantum computers.
- 4- The purpose of cache memory is to increase the storage capacity of a hard disk...
- 5- A bitmap is the encoding technique used to represent audio data on a computer.
- **6-** The only factor that affects the processing speed of a CPU is its clock speed.

Section Four: Miscellaneous

1. Match the following picture to its corresponding name from the following names (expansion card - memory module -USB hub- CPU)



2. Match the terms in Column I to the definitions in Column II.

Column I	Column II	II	I
A. Motherboard	1. An Internet address consisting of a username and computer domain name that uniquely identifies a person	1	
B. Web browser	on the Internet.	2	
C. System bus	2. A type of system software that enables a computer to		
D. Control unit	operate and manage its resources and activities.	3	
E. Expansion buses	3. A program used to view Web pages.	4	
	4. An electronic path on the motherboard or within the CPU	4	

F. Arithmetic logic unit		along which data is transferred.	5	
(ALU)	5.	The part of the CPU that coordinates its operations.		
G. Bus	6.	A connector on the exterior of a PC's system unit to	6	
H. Cache memory		which a device may be attached.	7	
I. E-mail address	7.	The main circuit board of a computer, located inside the	,	
J. Operating system		system unit, to which all computer system components connect.	8	
K. Central processing unit (CPU)	8.	The part of the CPU that performs logical operations and integer arithmetic	9	
L. Domain name	9.	A text-based Internet address used to uniquely identify a	10	
M. Port		computer on the Internet.		
N. System unit	10	The bus that moves data back and forth between the CPU and memory		
O. Register				